

# ***Physics at Very High Luminosity Collider***

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# Post-LHC pp colliders

- **VHLC/SLHC:**  
(ATLAS-PHYS-2001-002)
  - $L = 5 \times 10^{34} - 10^{35} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$
  - $\sqrt{s} = 14 \text{ @ } 28 \text{ TeV}$

## Pro's & Con's

- *civil engineering done*
- *detectors ready (?)*
  - *radiation damage*
  - *pile-up at  $\gg 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$*
- $B = 17 \text{ T}$  (do not exist yet)

- **VLHC:**  
(Fermilab-TM-2149)
  - *Stage I:  $\sqrt{s} = 40 \text{ TeV}$ ,  
 $L = 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$*
  - *Stage II (post-LHC/NLC):*

$\sqrt{s}$ (TeV)	125	150	175	200
$L \times 10^{-34}$ ( $\text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$ )	5.1	3.6	2.7	2.1

## Pro's & Con's

- *new machine*
- $40 \text{ TeV @ } B = 2 \text{ T}$

# General Remarks

- For processes where  $n_{obs} \propto L/(\sqrt{s})^2$   
(ie.  $W'$  production)  $\sqrt{s} \times N \ll L \times N^2$
- To explore scales beyond 1 TeV an increase in  $\sqrt{s}$  is better (mandatory) than an increase in  $L$
- Available “full-simulation” studies (ATLAS) on:
  - $L = 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$   $\sqrt{s} = 14 \text{ TeV}$
  - $L = 10^{35} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1} * \sqrt{s} = 14 \text{ TeV}$  \* 12.5 ns bunch spacing
  - $L = 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$   $\sqrt{s} = 28 \text{ TeV}^*$
  - $L = 10^{35} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1} * \sqrt{s} = 28 \text{ TeV}^*$  \* “speculative”
- To compete with VLHC:  
 $\sqrt{s} = 28 \text{ TeV}$  and  $L = 10^{35} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$

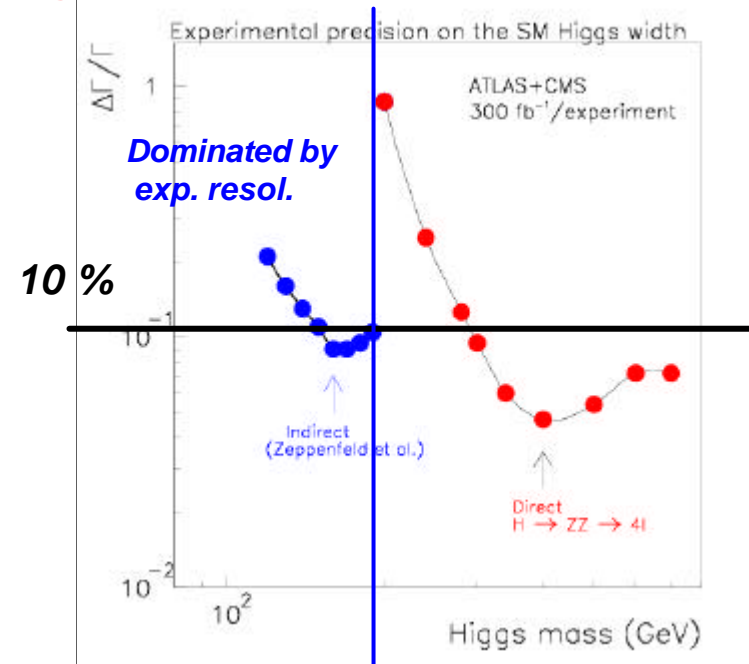
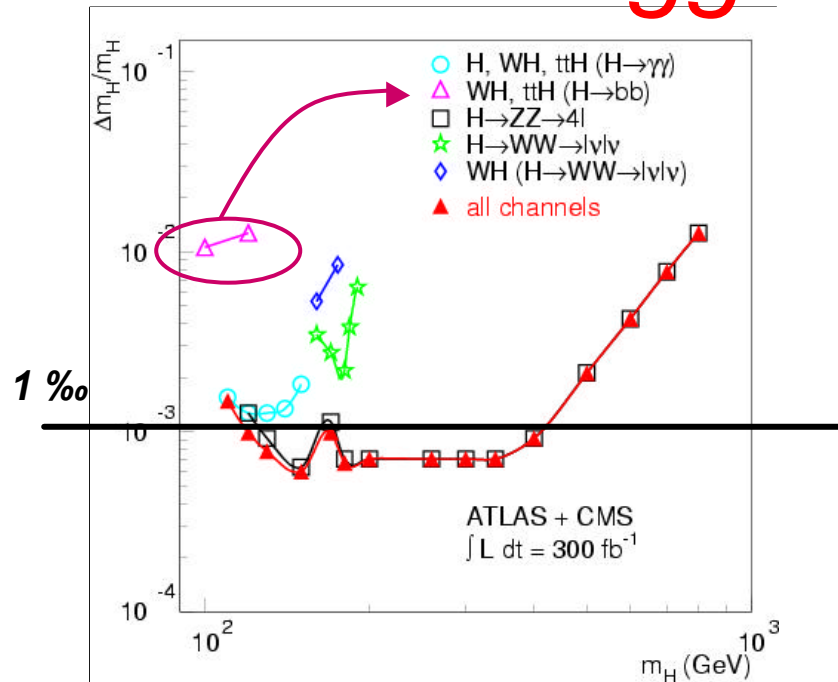
# *Rest of the talk*

- *Review physics opportunities of post-LHC pp colliders*
- *Compare energy vs/ lumi upgrade options*
- *Detector requirements*
- *Tracking*

# *Physics at VHLC/SLHC*

- *Higgs physics*
- *strong EWSB*
- *compositeness*
- *Supersymmetry*
- *new gauge bosons*
- *extra dimensions*

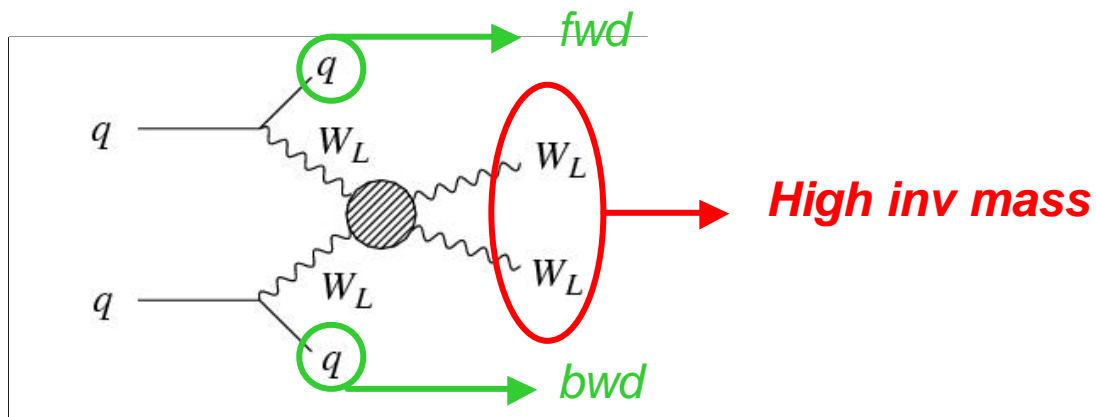
# Higgs Physics



- SM Higgs discovered in the entire mass range  $m_H < 1$  TeV before any upgrade
- $\Delta m_H/m_H \lesssim 1\%$ ,  $\Delta G_H/G_H \lesssim 10\%$
- Ratios of  $WWH$ ,  $ZZH$ ,  $ttH$ ,  $bbH$  couplings at 10-20% statistically limited
- Non-Standard Higgs  $m_H = 400-800$  GeV:  
 $(y_t x y_W) L \times 10^{30} \text{ dx/3}$ ,  $\sqrt{s} \times 2 \times 10^{26} \text{ dx/2}$

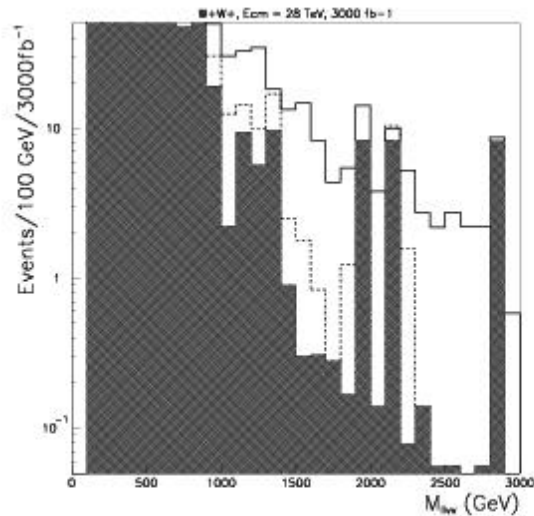
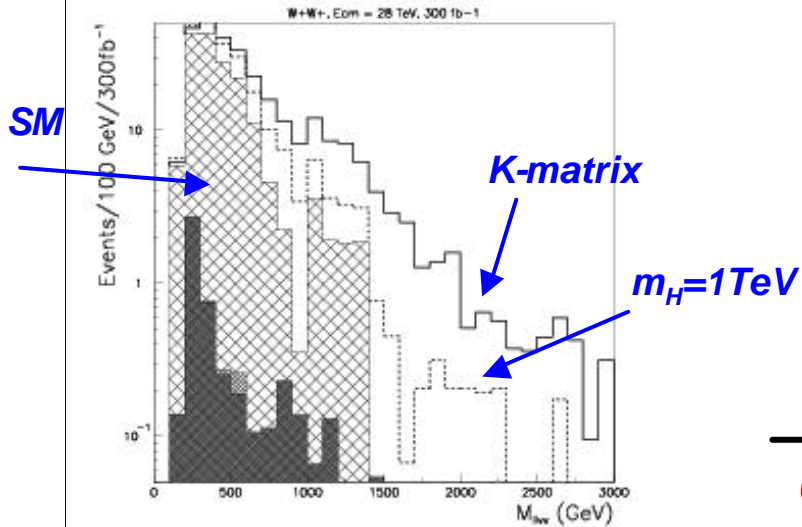
# Strong EWSB

- *No Higgs exists: strong interaction in longitudinal vector boson scattering  $V_L V_L \rightarrow V_L V_L$  at  $\sqrt{s} > 1 \text{ TeV}$*



- *compare  $m_H=1 \text{ TeV}$  with “K-matrix unitarization” (extension of partial wave analysis)*

# Strong EWSB



- $WW \text{ @ } l+n \text{ @ } l+n$ : excess at high  $m(ll E_{T,miss})$  “bgd” has the same spectrum  
 @ high statistics required

$\sqrt{s}$ (TeV)	$L$ ( $fb^{-1}$ )	$S/\bar{O}(S+B)$	
		K-matrix	$m_H=1TeV$
14	300	2.9	1.7
14	3000	2.8	1.5
28	300	7.8	3.9
28	3000	13.5	5.3

# Compositeness (I)

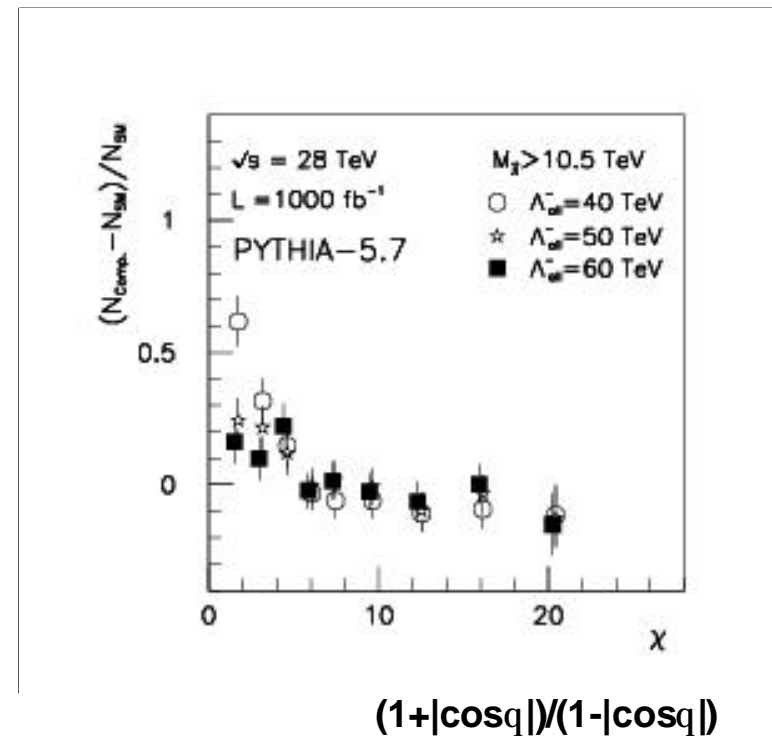
- quarks/leptons composite objects with constituents bound by an interaction at scale  $L$

$\sqrt{s} \ll L$   $\otimes$  contact interactions

signature:

- excess of high  $E_T$  centrally produced jets
- di-jet angular distribution

$\sqrt{s}$ (TeV)	$L$ ( $\text{fb}^{-1}$ )	$L$ (TeV)
14	300	40
14	3000	60
28	300	60
28	3000	85
40	300	75



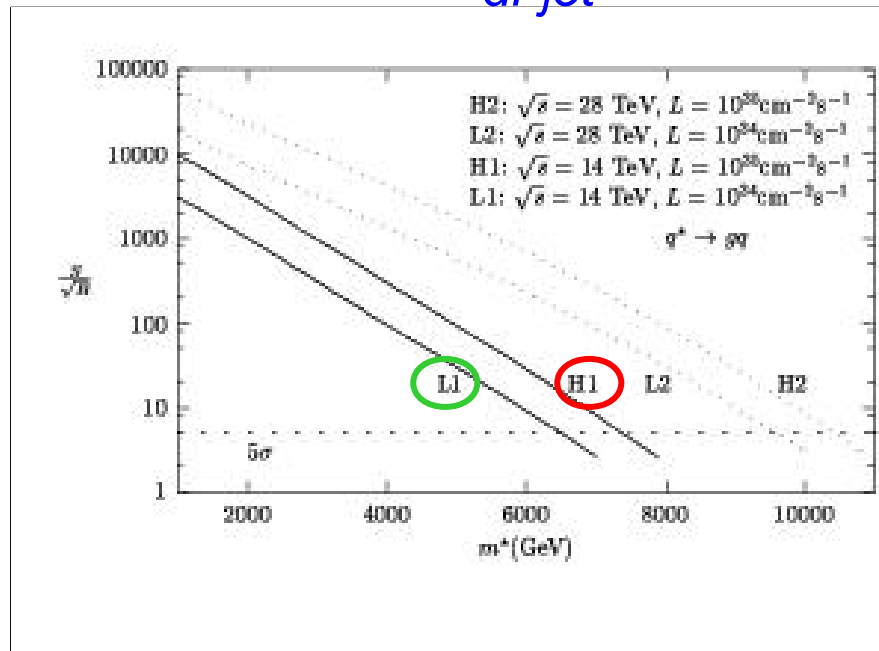
# Compositeness (II)

$\sqrt{s} \gg L \gg \lambda$  excited quarks  $q^*$  and leptons  $l^*$

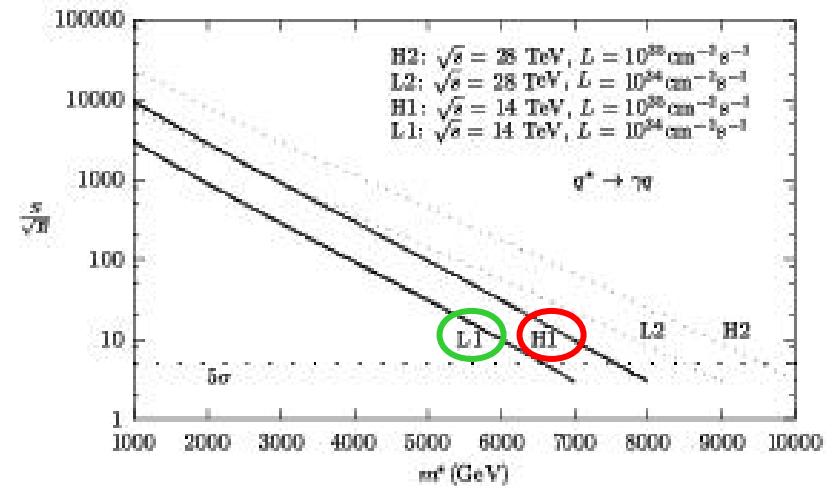
signature:

–  $qg \rightarrow q^* \rightarrow qg/q\bar{q}/qV$

di-jet



prompt isolated g



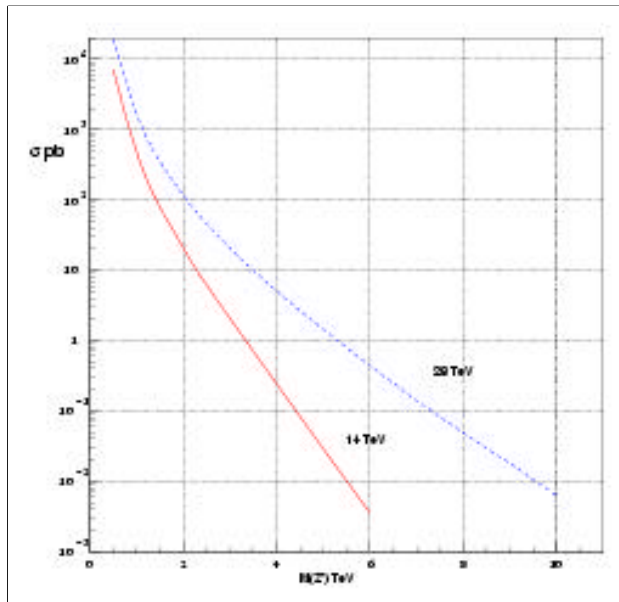
# Supersymmetry

$\sqrt{s}$ (TeV)	$L$ ( $\text{fb}^{-1}$ )	$q, \tilde{g}$ (TeV)
14	100	2
14	1000	2.5
28	100	3-4
28	1000	4-4.5
40	100	4-5.5

- If SUSY exists (at the weak scale) it will be discovered by LHC
- signatures: large  $E_{T,miss}(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)$  /  $n$ -jets/ $n$ - $l$  (SUGRA)  
prompt  $g(\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow Gg)$  / stable  $l(\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow Gl)$  (GMSB)  
large  $n$ -jets ( $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow qqq$ ) /  $n$ - $l$  ( $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow ll n$ ) (R-viol.)

# New gauge bosons

- $W', Z'$  predicted by GUT



benchmark:

$Z' \text{ @ } \mu\mu$  (with Z couplings)

- $1000 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  @ 28 TeV  
equivalent  
 $100 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  @ 40 TeV
- $L \times 10 \text{ @ } M_{Z'} \times 1.2$

# Extra dimensions

- Gravitons emitted during collisions  $\otimes E_{T,miss}$  events
- Gravitons exchanged between SM particles  $\otimes$  modification of cross-sections

$\sqrt{s}$ (TeV)	$L$ ( $fb^{-1}$ )	$M_D$ (TeV)	
		$n=2$	$n=4$
14	100	9	6
14	1000	12	7
28	100	15	10
28	1000	19	12

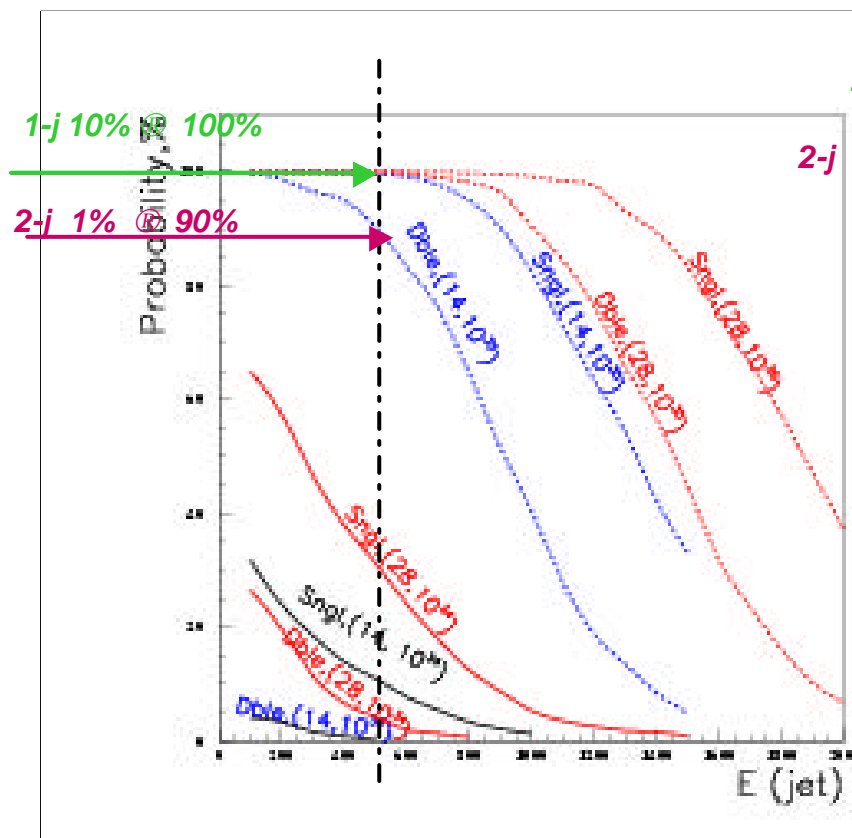
# Detector issues

<i>Channel</i>	<i>calorimeter</i>	<i>lepton reconstruction</i>
<i>Higgs</i>	<i>jet fwd tag</i>	<i>W/Z tag, <math>m_H, G_H</math> reconstruction</i>
<i>Strong EWSB</i>	<i>jet fwd tag, <math>E_{T,miss}</math></i>	<i>W tag</i>
<i>Compositeness (I) Contact int.</i>	<i><math>E_T, \mathbf{q}_{jet}</math></i>	
<i>Compositeness (II) <math>q^*</math></i>	<i><math>\mathbf{q}_{jet}, \mathbf{g}</math></i>	
<i>SUSY</i>	<i><math>E_{T,miss}, n\text{-jets}</math></i>	<i><math>n\text{-l}</math></i>
<i>W', Z'</i>		<i>W'/Z' tag</i>
<i>Extra dimensions</i>	<i><math>E_{T,miss}</math></i>	

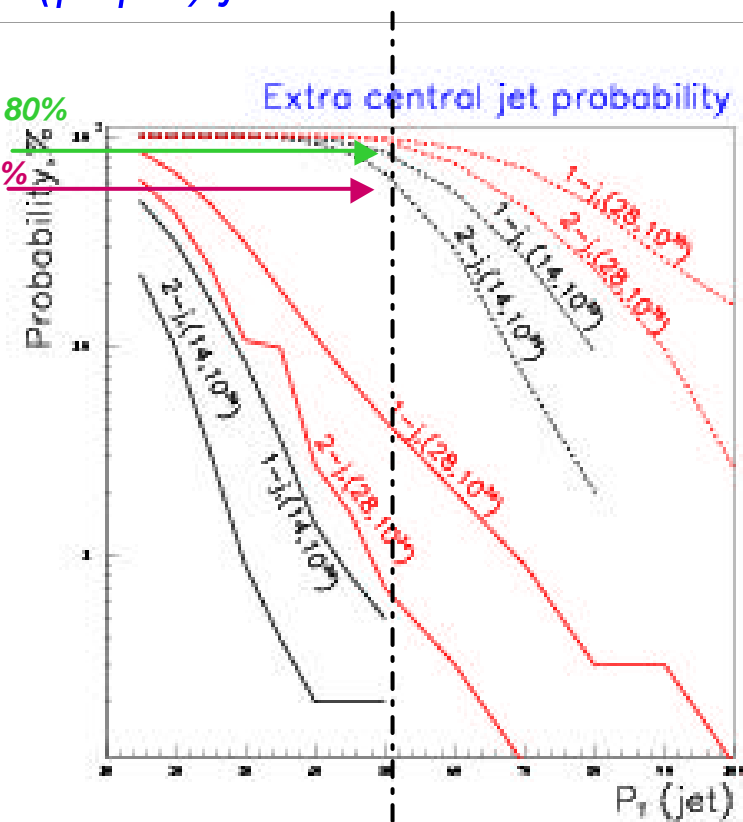
# Jets

- exploring higher energy scale/heavy objects trigger: fwd jets + veto on central jet

- Probability of fake rate in fwd ( $|\eta| > 2.5$ )
- Probability of extra central ( $|\eta| < 2$ ) jet



1-j 0.5% @ 80%  
2-j 0.2% @ 60%

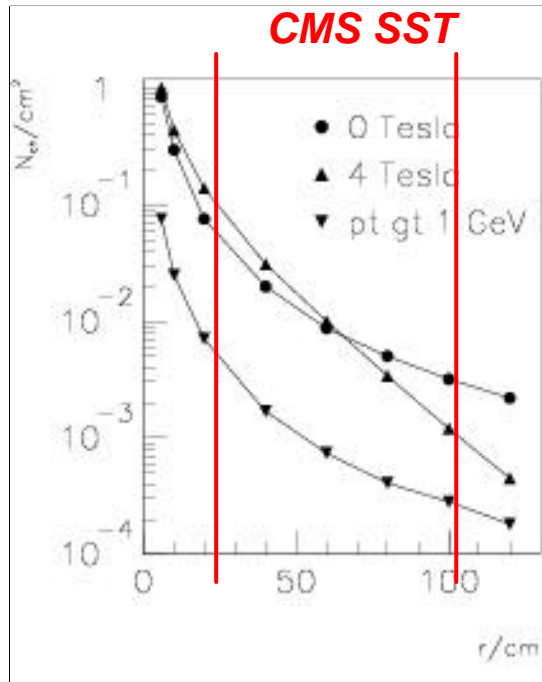


# Tracking at $10^{35} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$

Use of Tracking  $\otimes$  e-identification

Consequences of  $10^{34} \otimes 10^{35} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$  with  $Dt=25 \otimes 12.5 \text{ ns}$

1. faster R/O
2. higher doses (x10)
3. occupancy (<1%):  $L=A/Dt$      $L \times 10 = A \times 5 / (Dt/2)$   
 $20 \otimes 100 \text{ int/bco @ } 14 \text{ TeV}$



$r(\text{cm})$	$p(\text{mm})$	$l(\text{cm})$	$L = 10^{34}$		$L = 10^{35}$ (x5)
			$f_{ch}(\text{cm}^{-2})$	Occ.( $10^{-2}$ )	
25	80	12	$10^{-1}$	0.96	
60	120	12	$10^{-2}$	0.144	ok
100	180	19	$10^{-3}$	0.034	ok

# $dp_T$ VHLC vs VLHC

- with vtx constraint with  $B=4T$ :

$$dp_T/p_T \gg 0.43(p_T/\text{TeV})(p/100\text{mm})(m/L)^2 1/\sqrt{N+4}$$

- VHLC vs LHC:

- $N: 10 \text{ @ } 6$
- $p: 100 \text{ @ } 180 \text{ mm}$

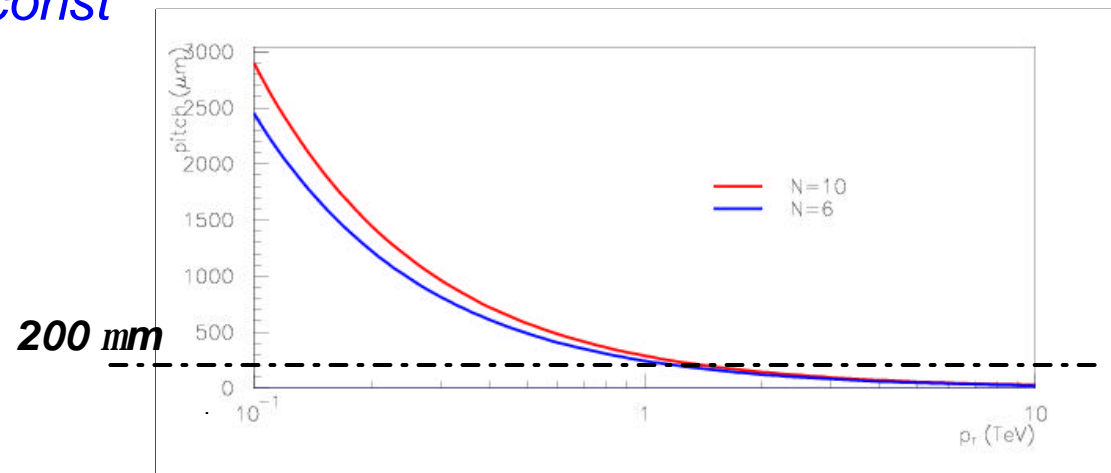
$$dp_T/p_T \times 1.5$$

- VLHC vs LHC:

$$- p_T/\sqrt{s} \gg \text{const}$$

$$dp_T/p_T \times 3$$

- Charge mistag  
1.3 ‰ (3s)



# Detector issues

<i>Channel</i>	<i>calorimeter</i>	<i>lepton reconstruction</i>
<i>Higgs</i>	<i>jet fwd tag</i>	<i>W/Z tag, ✓ <math>m_H, G_H</math> reconstruction</i>
<i>Strong EWSB</i>	<i>jet fwd tag, <math>E_{T,miss}</math></i>	<i>W tag ✓ (x2)</i>
<i>Compositeness (I) Contact int.</i>	<i><math>E_T, \mathbf{q}_{jet}</math></i>	
<i>Compositeness (II) <math>q^*</math></i>	<i><math>\mathbf{q}_{jet}, \mathbf{g}</math></i>	
<i>SUSY</i>	<i><math>E_{T,miss}, n\text{-jets}</math></i>	<i><math>n\text{-}l</math></i>
<i>W', Z'</i>		<i>W'/Z' tag ✓ (x1.2)</i>
<i>Extra dimensions</i>	<i><math>E_{T,miss}</math></i>	

# Summary

- *Physics at  $\approx 1$  TeV scale attractive/unknown*
- *It requires*
  - *high luminosity (not only high energy)*
  - *multipurpose detector (as it is unknown)*
  - *fwd jets and leptons crucial for tagging new heavy objects*
  - *tracking mandatory for e-identification*
  - *vertexing/b-tag challenging*

# VLHC Pocket guide

(U.Baur Snowmass01/E4)

	14 TeV 100 fb <sup>-1</sup>	14 TeV 1000 fb <sup>-1</sup>	28 TeV 100 fb <sup>-1</sup>	40 TeV 100 fb <sup>-1</sup>	200 TeV 100 fb <sup>-1</sup>
$q\bar{q}g\bar{q}$	2	2.5	4	5.5	15
$W', Z'$	4.5	5.4	7	10	30
$q^*$	7	8	10	16	70
$L$ comp	33	50	60	75	130
$M_D$ (n=2)	9	12	15	20	65