

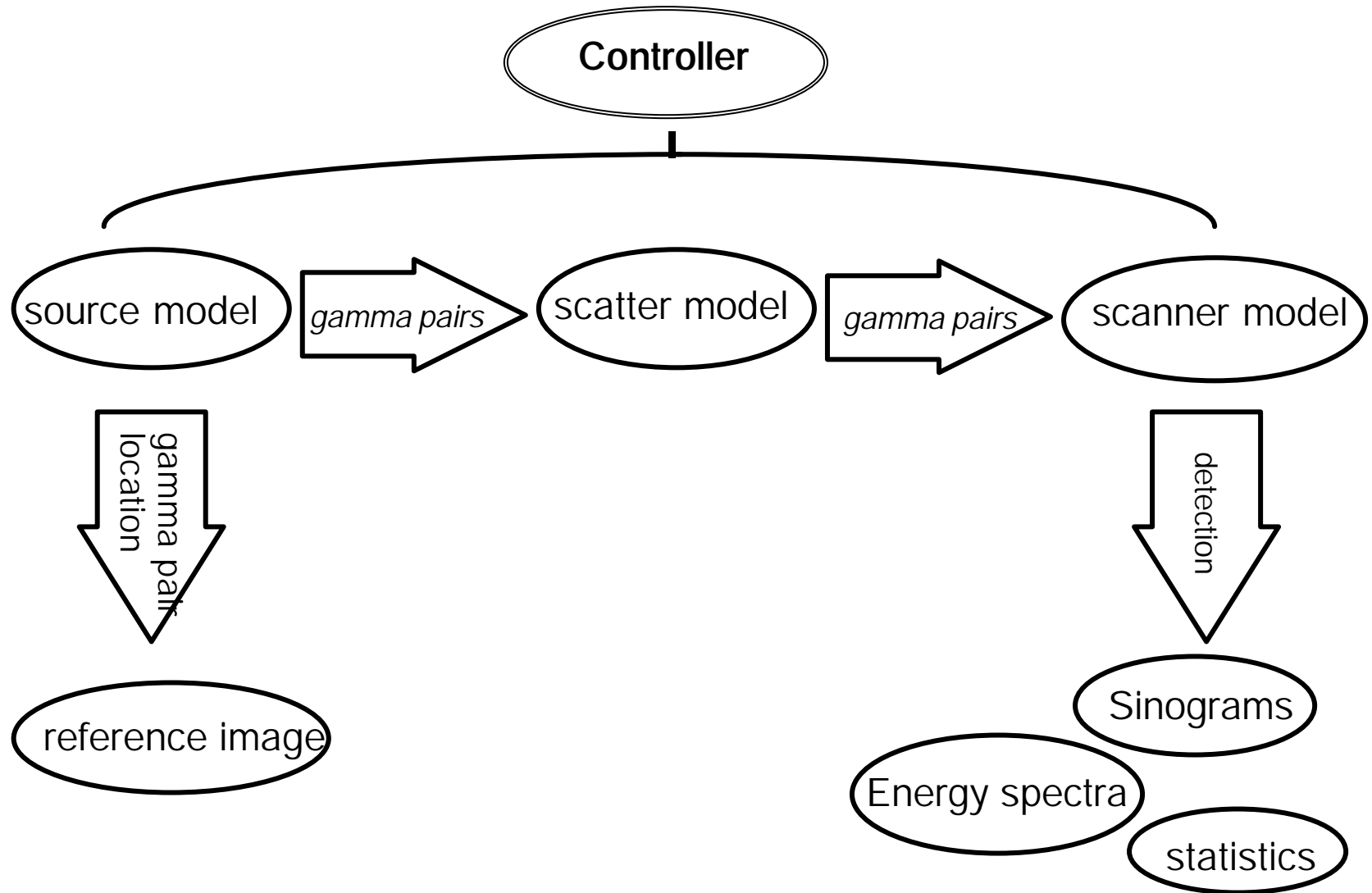
Eidolon PET Simulator

H. Zaidi - F. Schoenahl

Photon interaction data in Monte Carlo packages

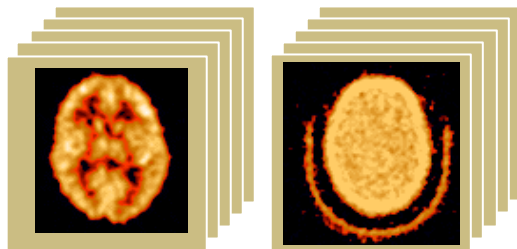
Monte Carlo code	Photon cross section library
EGS4 (Nelson <i>et al</i> 1985)	Storm & Israel (Storm and Israel 1970) PHOTX (Sakamoto 1993)
ITS including TIGER CYLTRAN and ACCEPT (Halbleib <i>et al</i> 1992)	XCOM (Berger and Hubbell 1987)
MCNP (Briesmeister 1997)	Storm & Israel (Storm and Israel 1970) ENDF (Hubbell <i>et al</i> 1975) EPDL89 (Cullen <i>et al</i> 1989)
GEANT (Brun <i>et al</i> 1994)	Parametric model (Brun <i>et al</i> 1994)
SIMSET (Harrison <i>et al</i> 1993)	Parametric model (Picard <i>et al</i> 1993) EPDL94 (Perkins 1994), since 1997 (Kaplan 1998)
SIMIND (Ljungberg and Strand 1989)	XCOM (Berger and Hubbell 1987)
SIMSPECT (Yanch <i>et al</i> 1993)	Storm & Israel (Storm and Israel 1970) ENDF (Hubbell <i>et al</i> 1975) EPDL89 (Cullen <i>et al</i> 1989)
MCMATV (Smith <i>et al</i> 1993)	NBS (Hubbell 1969) and polynomial fitting
PETSIM (Thompson <i>et al</i> 1992)	Parametric model (Picard <i>et al</i> 1993)
Triumph's simulator (Tsang <i>et al</i> 1995)	GEANT's parametric model (Brun <i>et al</i> 1994)
Eidolon (Zaidi <i>et al</i> 1998, 1999)	GEANT's parametric model (Brun <i>et al</i> 1994) EPDL97 (Cullen <i>et al</i> 1997)

Simplified functional diagram

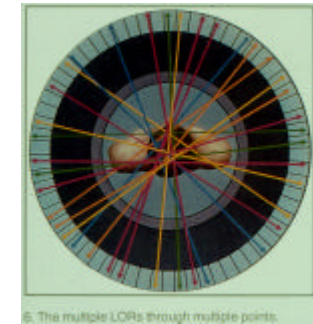
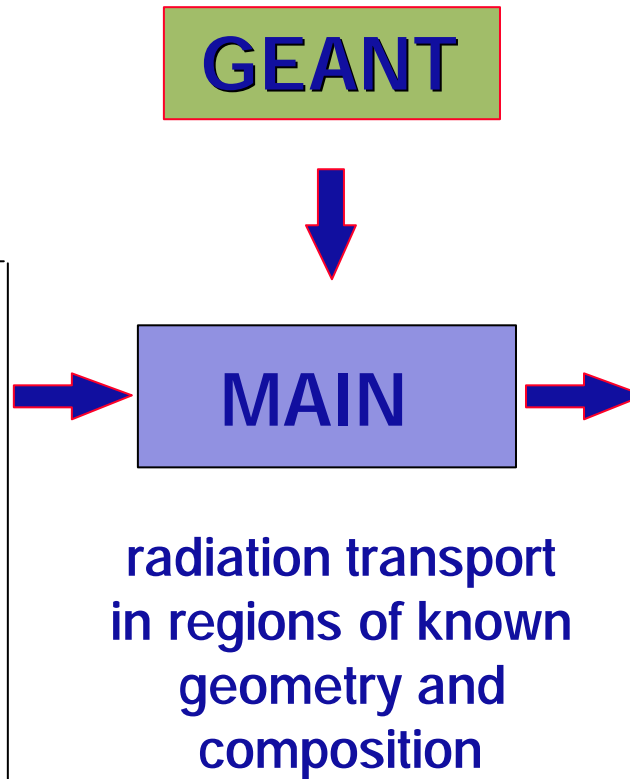


Eidolon simulator description

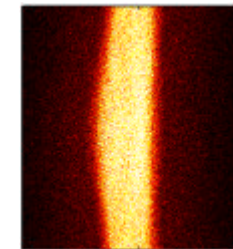
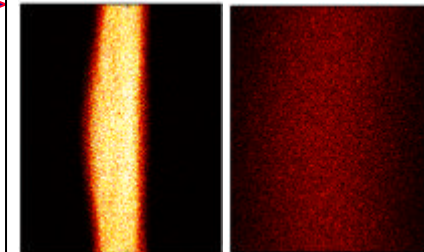
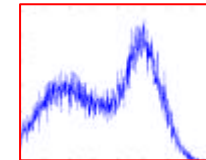
PET SCANNER
N. detection rings
Ring diameter
Scintillation material
N. detectors / ring
Detector size
Detection unit
External shields
Sampling scheme
Spatial resolution
Energy resolution
Energy window



INPUT



6. The multiple LORs through multiple points.



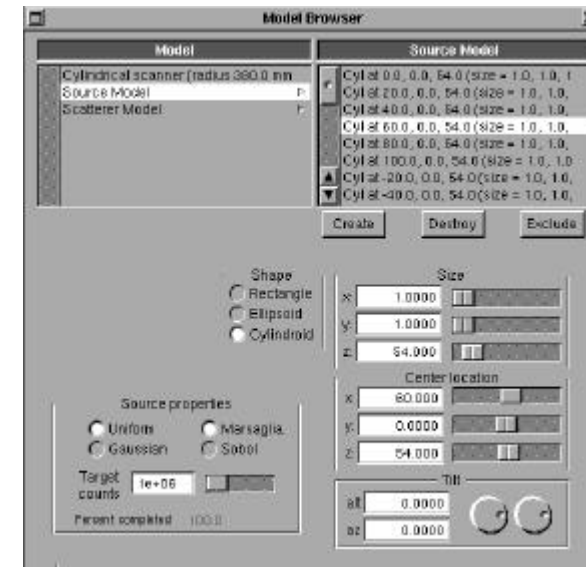
OUTPUT

Graphical user interface

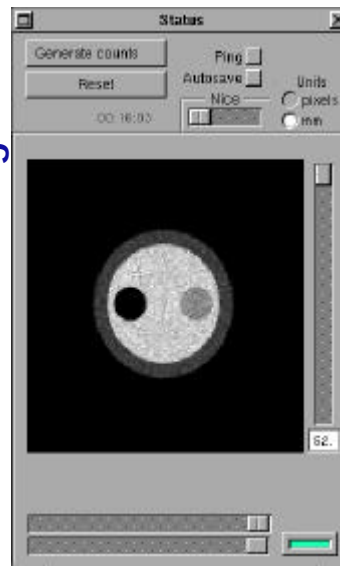
Scanner parameters



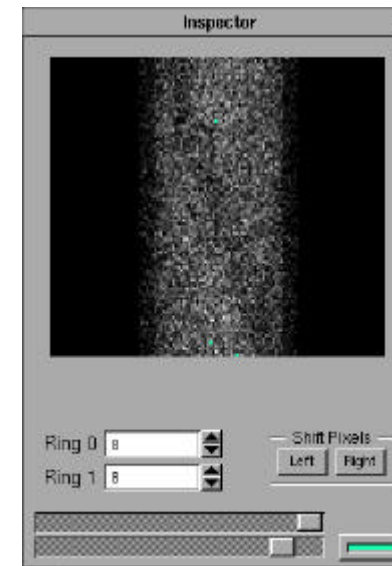
Source parameters



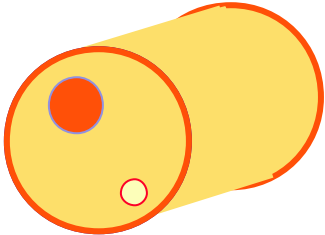
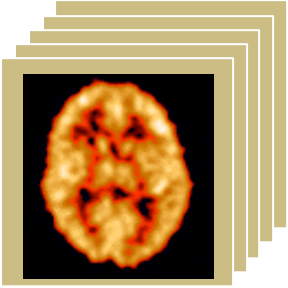
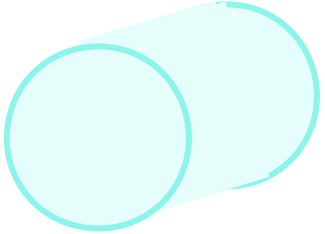
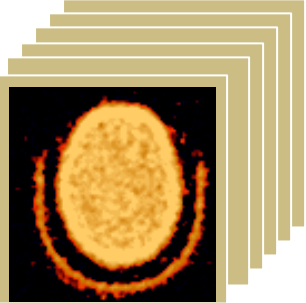
Source image



Sinogram

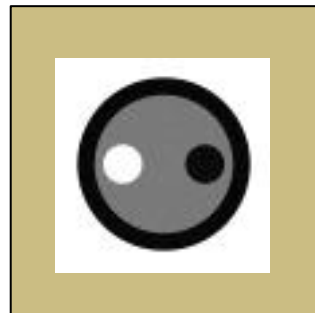


Analytical vs Voxelised phantoms

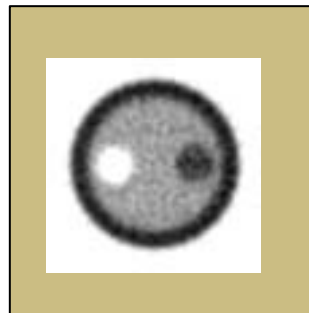
RADIOACTIVITY DISTRIBUTION	 A 3D analytical phantom of a yellow cylinder with a red circular region on its front face and a small white circle on its side.	 A stack of 5 axial CT slices of a brain phantom, with the front slice showing a detailed, noisy radioactivity distribution in red and orange.
MEDIA DISTRIBUTION	 A 3D analytical phantom of a light blue cylinder.	 A stack of 5 axial CT slices of a brain phantom, with the front slice showing a smooth, uniform media distribution in yellow and orange.
	ANALYTICAL	VOXELISED

Utah Phantom

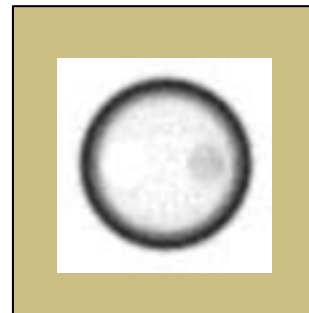
(shape based phantom)



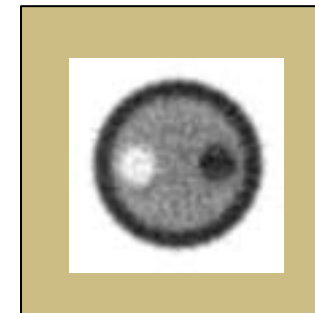
Reference



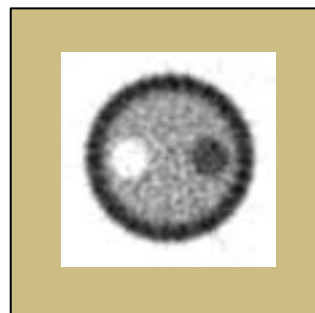
Unscattered



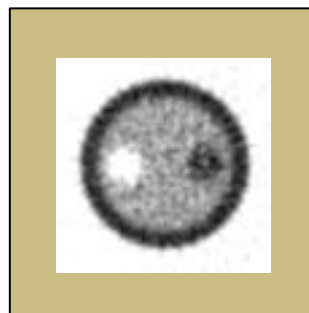
NC



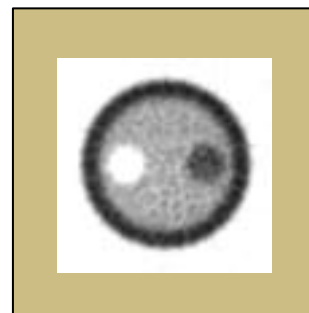
AC



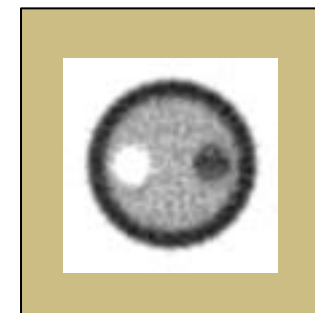
MCBSC2



MCBSC1



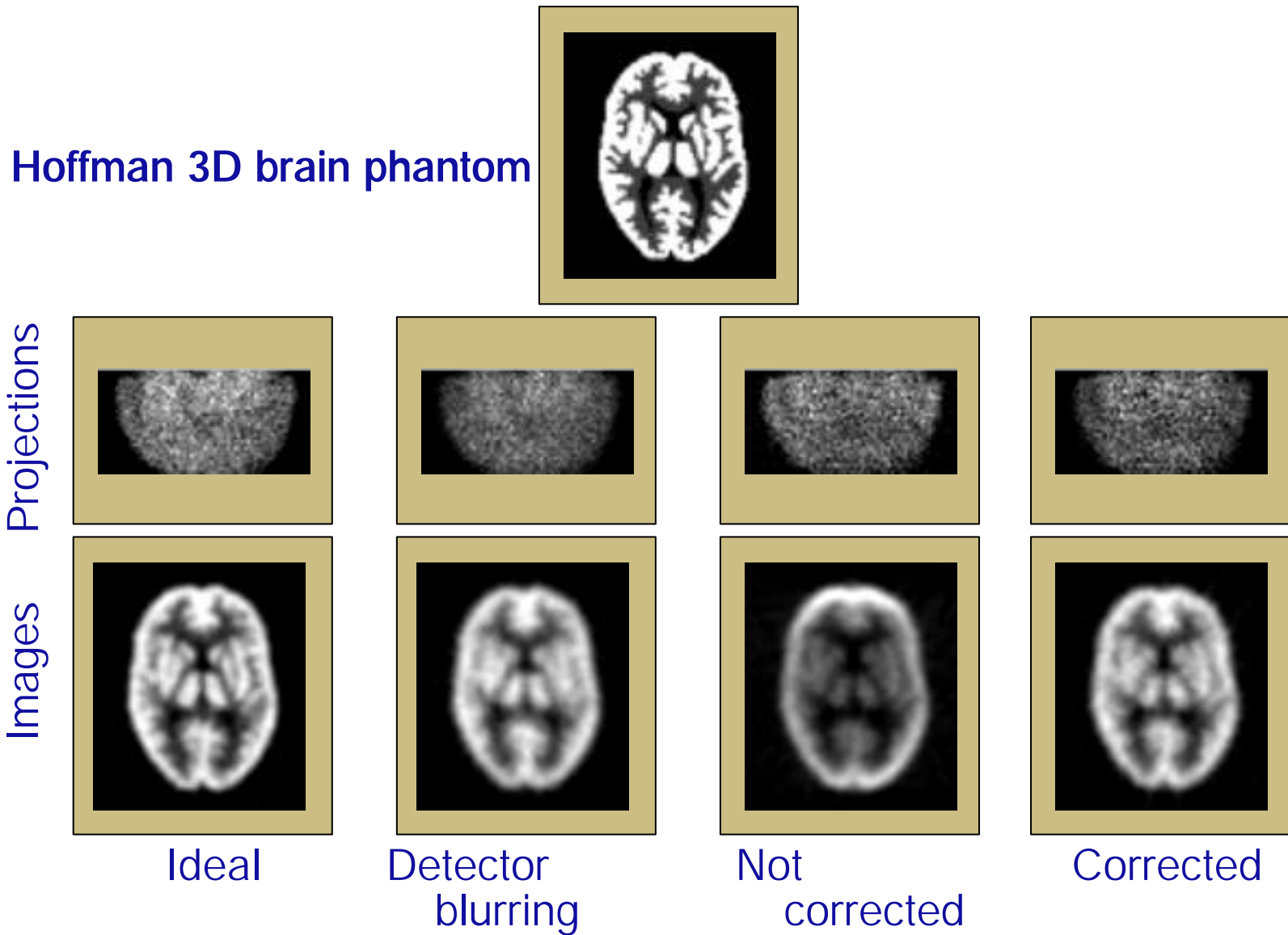
SRBSC



CVS

Monte Carlo code

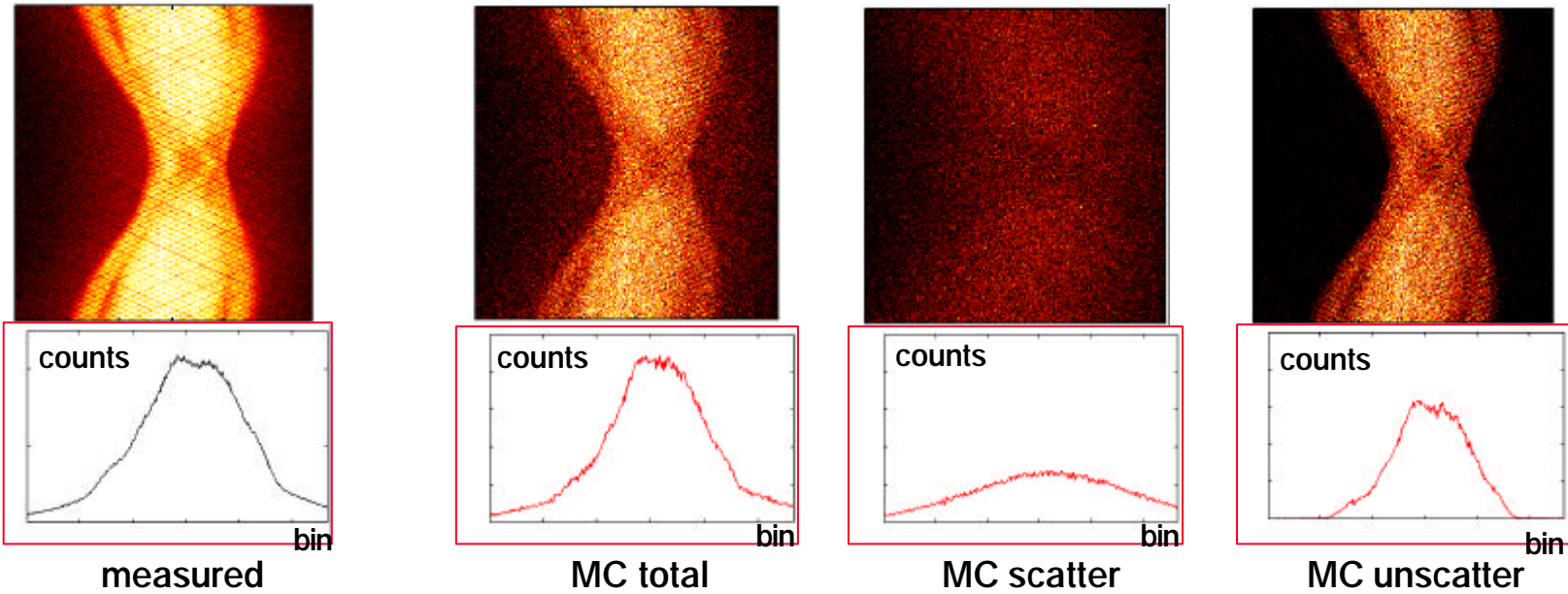
Features



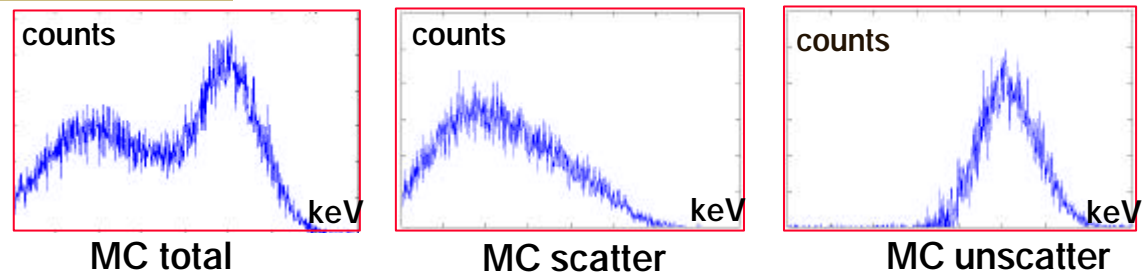
Monte Carlo code

Features

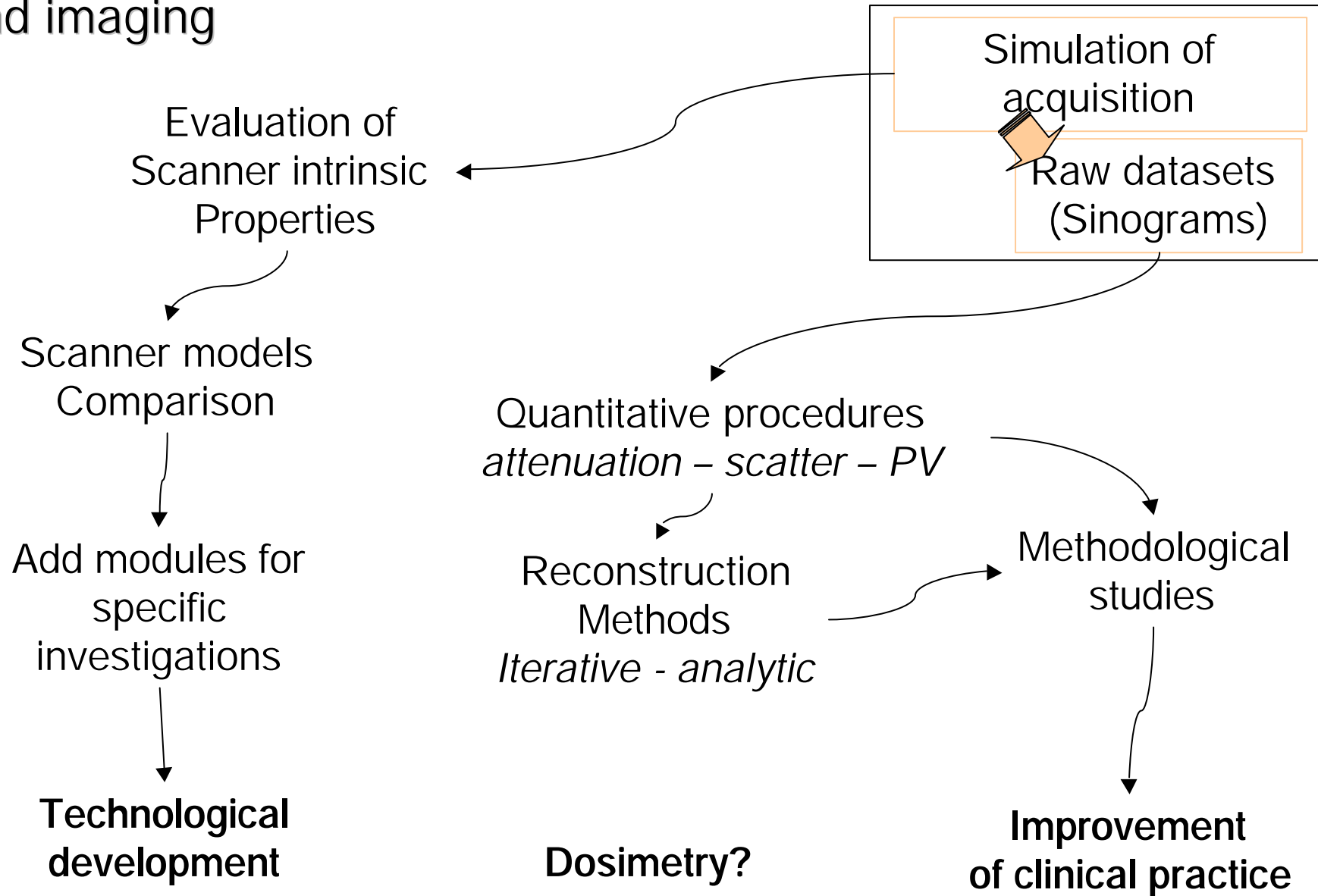
- Spatial distributions (average over angles):



- Energy spectra:



Applications to nuclear medicine and imaging



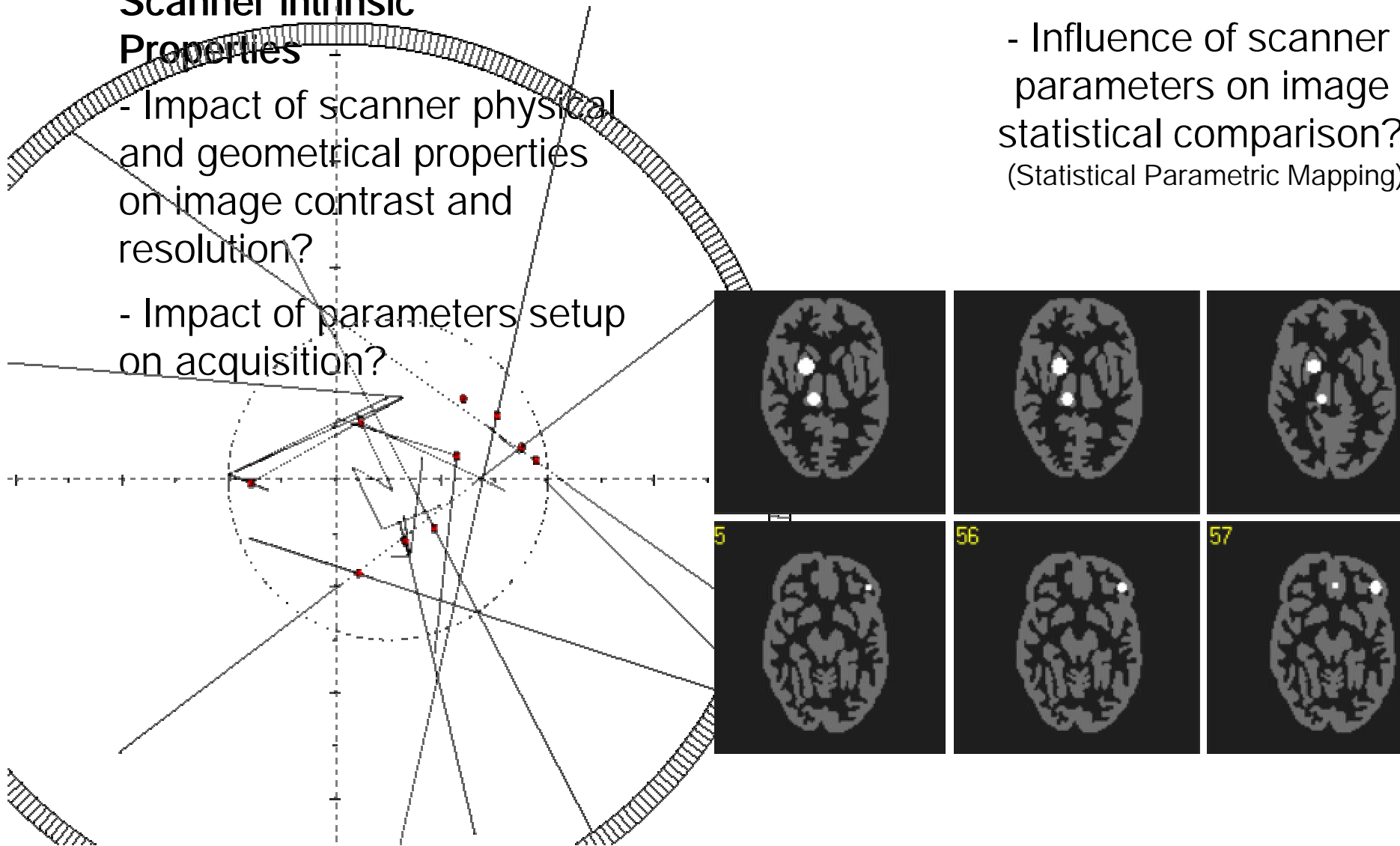
Impact of scanner parameters on tumor detection

Evaluation of Scanner intrinsic Properties

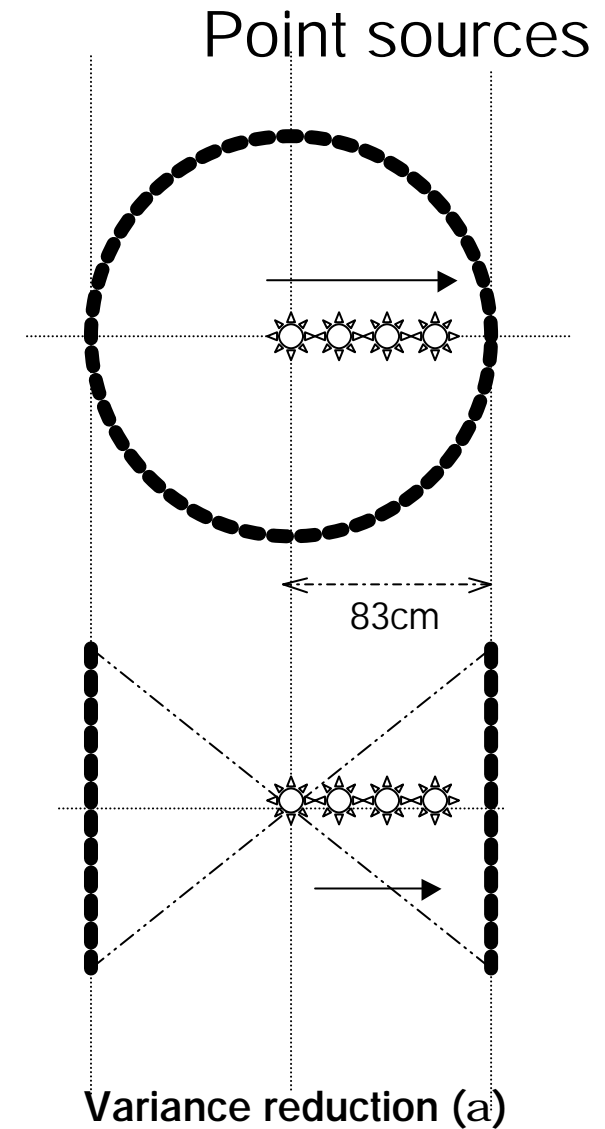
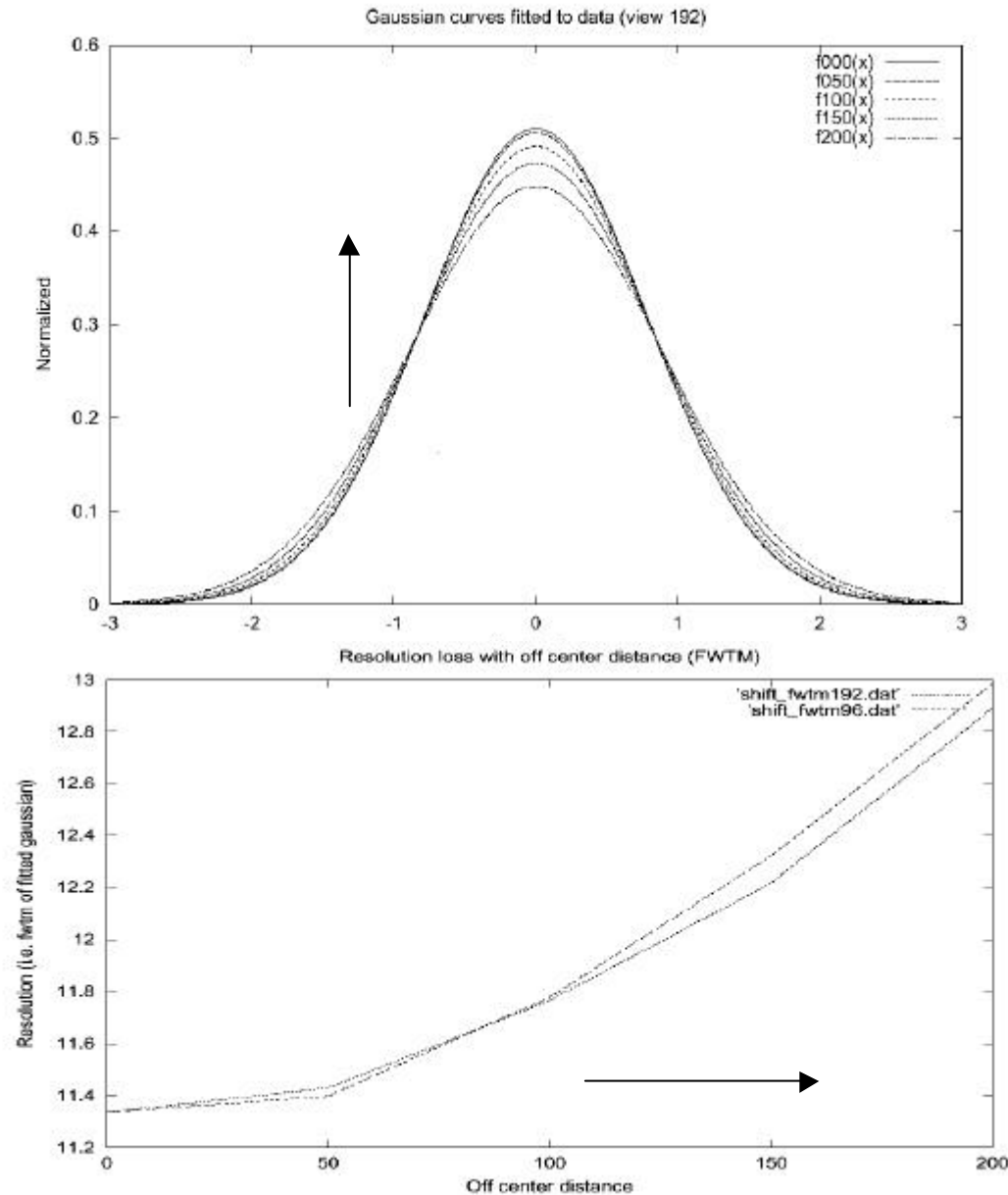
- Impact of scanner physical and geometrical properties on image contrast and resolution?
- Impact of parameters setup on acquisition?

Methodological studies

- Influence of scanner parameters on image statistical comparison?
(Statistical Parametric Mapping)



Investigation of depth dependant resolution in circular designs



Adding a module for attenuation-correction methods evaluation

